

NO NEW BONDS.

Voorhees Has a Plan to Relieve the Treasury.

But It is According to Existing Laws.

MR. CARLISLE'S PLAN

Carefully Considered but Deemed Impracticable.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—A meeting of the senate finance committee was held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of considering Secretary Carlisle's letter and bond bill. After the conclusion of the meeting, Senator Voorhees, as chairman of the committee, handed the press the statement given below. It is as follows:

"The embarrassed condition of the treasury and the necessity for prompt action for its relief are fully realized. There is not the slightest ground, however, for apprehension that public credit will suffer or be deranged for the reason that ample authority already exists by law for the secretary of the treasury to strengthen his coin reserve to any extent required and to meet every demand that can be legitimate. The power of the secretary for the issue of the bonds needed nothing beyond what is given by the act of January 14, 1873. The only desirable object to be attained by new legislation at this time on that subject is to make a shorter time bond with lower rate of interest, and yet the secretary feels assured that he can negotiate bonds issued under the act of 1873, running only ten years on practically a three per cent basis."

"It seems, therefore, that it will be wiser, safer and better for the financial and business interests of the country to rely upon existing law with which to meet the present emergency rather than to encounter the delays and uncertainties always incident to protracted discussion in the two houses of congress. This view of the condition of the treasury admits of but little, if any delay, and no uncertainty, at all in the final action to be taken."

"It is proper to say in this connection that the senate finance committee for several weeks past has had this subject under constant consideration, and that the bill submitted by Mr. Carlisle has been examined and discussed with the greatest care."

"The interest of the committee will by no means be abated from this time forward. The fact that much remains to be done is fully recognized. Whatever deficiency in the revenues that may exist during the current fiscal year will be promptly provided for by appropriate and efficient legislation at the earliest moment."

The senate finance committee authorized Senator Voorhees to introduce the Carlisle bill in the senate, and also to present the letter from the secretary of the treasury for the consideration of that body, which was done.

TALKED ABOUT HAWAII.

Spirited Discussion Between Senators Hoar, Gray and Daniel.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The Hawaiian controversy was again brought to the attention of the senate yesterday, and there was a half hour's spirited discussion between Senators Hoar, Gray and Daniel. The president's message communicating the recent diplomatic correspondence afforded Senator Hoar an opportunity to speak on the matter, and he showed by quoting from the Hawaiian constitution that the queen on her recent protest that she could not promise amnesty to the members of the provisional government was only confining herself to the limitations of the constitution, which does not confer on the crown such absolute right of granting amnesty, but requires that pardon can be granted only by the concurrence of the cabinet and other constitutional officers.

Senators Gray, Democrat of Delaware, and Senator Daniel, Democrat of Virginia, made some pertinent interruptions, and threw upon Minister Stevens and his initiative action all the responsibility for whatever irregular methods of procedure had grown out of the Hawaiian imbroglio.

The speech of Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire on the tariff question was attentively listened to by his colleagues.

The bill to repeal the federal election laws coming up in the regular order, Senator Palmer, Democrat of Illinois, opened the discussion in an argument in favor of the bill.

After the close of Senator Palmer's remarks a communication from the secretary of the treasury in response to the resolution of Senator Allen of Nebraska, in regard to the gold coin in the United States on November 1, was read before the Senate.

The bill to establish a port of delivery at Bonner's Ferry, Idaho, was called up by Senator Dubois, Republican of Idaho and passed. Then, at 5:30, on motion of Senator Gorman, the senate adjourned.

FREE WOOL SCHEDULE.

Not Right in the House as to When It Should Go Into Effect.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—In the house yesterday Mr. Wilson offered an amendment to put the free wool schedule into effect August 1, 1894. This was vigorously opposed by Mr. Johnson, Democrat of Ohio, and Mr. Warner, Democrat of New York, but on different grounds. The former claimed the amendment delayed the benefit to come from free wool too long, and the latter contended that if the woolen manufacturers were not to have free wool in time to give the people cheaper woolens goods next winter he was in favor of allowing the present date to stand in order to give the farmers a market for their wool during the coming season.

Mr. Bowers, Republican, of Calif-

ornia asked if he had not claimed that free wool would increase the price of wool.

Mr. Warner replied emphatically that he did not want wool sent to the free list in February, but if it could not go into effect the market should be retained this year. This precipitated a general discussion of the subject in which Messrs. Payne, Springer, Democrat of Illinois, Pickler, Republican of North Dakota, Simpson, Populist of Kansas, Johnson, Democrat of Ohio, and Cannon, Republican, of Illinois took part.

Mr. Wilson then explained his amendment at length. The debate on the date in which the wool schedule would go into effect was taken up by Messrs. Grout, Republican of Vermont, Mrs. Democrat of Georgia, Bowers, Republican of California, Blair, Republican of New Hampshire, Hall, Democrat of Missouri, Bryan, Democrat of Nebraska, Bland, Democrat of Arkansas, Johnson of Ohio, Hermann of Oregon, Eales of Tennessee, Henderson of Illinois, Montgomery of Kentucky, Weadock of Michigan, Blair of New Hampshire, Marsh, Republican of Illinois, Lovell, Republican of California and Hartman, Republican of Montana. The latter, in denouncing the whole bill and the predictions of its author, called attention to his prophecy of the universal revival of the Catholic church, its priests, nuns and sisters of charity. He claimed to be a representative of the American protective association and working under their auspices.

"I am taking my life in my hands," shouted McNamara, as he marched across the platform at Turner hall last night. A loaded rifle was in his hand and he raised it in dramatic fashion.

"Let the hotheads and blackguards of Home come on," he said. "My life is not my own. It belongs to God and the A. P. A. I know there is a plot to murder me here in Kansas City this very night, but there will be other blood before that of mine."

"There is murder in the air," he said, "and I want loyal men and others to stand by me. I want twenty-four volunteers, men who have true Protestant hearts, stout arms, strong nerves and quick eyes. Stand up those who are willing."

A dozen men stood up. Up to this time there had not been the slightest sign of disorder in the hall.

In language wholly unfit for publication they proceeded to describe what was alleged to be the habitual

use made by Catholic priests

When one particularly filthy story

was told the first interruption occurred. "You're lying," shouted someone in the gallery. "Lie," echoed a feeble voice, and for a moment there was an uproar. The police quickly suppressed it, however, and the offender was taken to headquarters.

A little later the second disturbance took place. Just as the lecturer paused at the conclusion of a sentence, the sound of breaking glass was heard, followed by the involuntary groan of an injured man. Everyone sprang to his feet and rushed to the door.

The crowd settled down once more and the man who had been hurt walked out quietly. He was John Walden, a mormon. A stone thrown from the street had struck him on the head, inflicting a slight scalp wound.

"I can't tell you all I wanted to," said the lecturer excitedly, "but buy these boxes of mine (he scattered a number on the floor) they're cheap and good, and you'd do good and make Rome happy if you buy them."

He then told other filthy stories.

By this time the crowd was getting nervous. The meeting was brought to a sudden end, the hall was then hurriedly emptied and the crowd joined the throng on the outside.

McNamara and his wife sat in an ante room for three-quarters of an hour waiting for the crowd to disperse. Suddenly a hand drove up to a side door. Mr. and Mrs. McNamara then came out and entered the parlour. He had a rifle and revolver and shot a pistol. A shower of stones flew at the rapidly fleeing crowd and then two shots were fired from the parlour. They took effect in a store on the opposite side of the street and shattered a window display. The lamps of the back were smashed. The "experts" and his wife were hurriedly driven to the Midland hotel where they registered as "Mack and wife."

RIOT NARROWLY AVOIDED.

Trouble Arises at an A. P. A. Meeting in Leavenworth.

Colored Population of an Arkansas Town Afraid of Their Lives.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 17.—Governor Fishback has received information of a reign of terror which exists among the colored population of the town of Black Rock. According to the governor's information, a very serious condition of affairs exists there, which may result in bloodshed.

Black Rock is in the center of a large manufacturing and lumber district,

and, owing to the present financial

stringency, a large number of men are thrown out of employment. Among them are many lawless characters

who have organized for the purpose

of driving all the negroes out of town.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 17.—By its attorney yesterday, the Mercantile Trust company of New York, applied to Judge Williams of the United States district court, for a receiver for the corporation owning the famous irrigation canal extending from Laramie, Gray county, to Kansas. Edwards county, Kan. Williams appointed W. L. Boushance of Topeka, receiver for the company.

MINE THIEVES VICTIMIZED.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Jan. 17.—The sheriff received a telegram last night asking him to send a force of deputies to Hull Hill, Crystal City, as violence is threatened by union miners. The trouble is caused by a number of the managers signing an agreement to make the union men work nine hours instead of eight as heretofore. The agreement goes into effect February 1.

VANDALS RUIN A CHURCH.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 17.—It was discovered that during last night some one had broken into St. Agnes Catholic church at South Omaha, smashed a fine piano and destroyed the chancel and altar rail with an axe, torn up the vestments of the choir boys and stole the communion service.

60 inch white damask red borders for 30 cents, at Shively's.

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CHURCH MOBS.

Bloodshed at an Ex-Priest's Lecture on Romanism.

Rifles Fired and Brickbats are Thrown.

MURDER IN THE AIR.

Said the Lecturer, "Let Others Stand by Me."

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17.—Following a lecture delivered by J. V. McNamara, who styles himself "latter priest of Rome" at Turner hall last night a serious riot occurred. Possibly a score of rifles and pistol shots were fired. Albert Gowdy, a hack-driver, was shot and slightly wounded, half a dozen men were injured by stones and brick-bats and one man was seriously cut. The lives of many people were endangered and much bad feeling was stirred up. McNamara's lecture was a tirade against the Catholic church, its priests, nuns and sisters of charity. He claimed to be a representative of the American protective association and working under their auspices.

"I am taking my life in my hands," shouted McNamara, as he marched across the platform at Turner hall last night without success. At 5:30, without action on the pending amendment, the committee reported and the house took a recess until last night at 8 o'clock.

At the night session Messrs. Arnold, Democrat of Missouri; McDermond, Democrat of Tennessee and Ells, Republican of Oregon, addressed the house, and at 10 o'clock the house adjourned.

REPEATING PART OF PENSION LAW.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The House committees on pensions has ordered a favorable report on the bill of Representative Moses to repeal that section of the revised statutes which reads: "No money on account of pensions shall be paid to any person, or to the widow, children or heirs of any deceased persons who in any manner so far as engaged in, aided or abetted the late rebellion against the authority of the United States."

RIVER AND HARBOR APPROPRIATION.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Representatives Bland and Clark appeared before the river and harbor committee yesterday and pleaded for an increased appropriation for the Orange and Mississippi rivers. In making their estimate \$10,000 additional was asked for each stream. The river and harbors committee expects to have its bill ready by February 1.

STRONG NAVAL FORCE AT RIO.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The navy department is informed of the arrival of the cruiser New York at Rio. Our government now has at Rio the New York, San Francisco, Newark, Charleston and Detroit. This is a stronger force than that of any other two powers. It is as strong a force as the United States has had in foreign waters at any time since the civil war.

BLATCHFORD'S SUCCESS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—There was some talk about the senate and the capital yesterday about the probability of the president sending the name of Senator Gray of Delaware to the senate for confirmation as supreme court judge. Senator Lindsey of Kentucky, is also mentioned.

A REIGN OF TERROR.

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